

1. You start an account with \$500 and an interest rate of 6% compounded yearly. How much is in the account after 3 years?

$$Y = 500(1 + 0.06)^3$$

$$Y = 500(1.06)^3$$

$$Y = \$595.51$$

10 years

2. From 2000 - 2010 a city had a 2.5% annual decrease in population. Write an Equation that represents this information.

$$y = 2,950,000 (1 - 0.025)^t$$

$$y = 2,950,000 (0.975)^t$$

3. From 2000 - 2010 a city had a 2.5% annual decrease in population. If the city had 2,950,000 people in 2000, determine the city's population in 2008. 8 yrs

$$Y = 2,950,000 (.975)^8$$

$$Y = 2,409,122.82$$

$$Y = 2,409,122$$

* have to
Round Down
Because it's
population

4. You buy a car for \$8000 that depreciates at a rate of 11% a year. How much is the care worth after 5 years?

$$Y = 8,000 (1 - .11)^5$$

$$Y = 8,000 (.89)^5$$

$$Y = \$4,467.25$$

5. You start an account with \$2500 and an interest rate of 6.5% compounded yearly. How much is in the account after 7 years?

$$y = 2500(1 + .065)^7$$

$$y = 2500(1.065)^7$$

$$y = \$3,884.97$$

6. A newly hatched channel catfish typically weighs about 0.06 gram. During the first 6 weeks of life, its weight increases by about 10% each day. Write a function to model the situation. How much does the catfish weigh after 6 weeks?

Compound Formula
$$y = a \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$y = 0.06 \left(1 + \frac{.1}{7}\right)^{7(6)}$$

$$y = 0.06 (1.014)^{42}$$

$$y = 0.11 \text{ grams}$$

Express the equation in exponential form.

$$7. \log_5 25 = 2$$

$$5^2 = 25$$

Express the equation in exponential form.

$$8. \log_8 2 = 1/3$$

$$8^{1/3} = 2$$

Express the equation in logarithmic form.

$$9 \cdot 5^3 = 125$$

$$\log_5 125 = 3$$

Express the equation in logarithmic form.

$$10. 8^{-1} = 1/8$$

$$\log_8 1/8 = -1$$

Evaluate the expression.

$$11. \log_6 36$$

$$\frac{\log 36}{\log 6} = 2$$

Evaluate the expression.

$$12. \log_9 81$$

$$\frac{\log 81}{\log 9} = 2$$

Evaluate the expression.

$$13. \log_5 0.2$$

$$\frac{\log 0.2}{\log 5} = (-1)$$

Use the definition of the logarithmic function to find x .

$$14. \log_5 x = 4$$

$$5^4 = x$$
$$625 = x$$

Use the definition of the logarithmic function to find x .

$$15. \log_4 x = 2$$

$$4^2 = x$$

$$16 = x$$

Use the definition of the logarithmic function to find x .

$$16. \log_x 25 = 2$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{25}$$

$$x = 5$$

17. What is the Change of Base Formula for $\log_a b$?

$$\log_a b = \frac{\log b}{\log a}$$

18. It takes Jill 2 hours to blow the leaves off of her yard. It takes Riley an hour and a half to blow the leaves off of his yard. How long would it take for both of them to blow the leaves off of their yard?

$$\text{LCD} = 6x$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{1.5} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3x}{3x} = \frac{3x}{6x}$$

$$\frac{1}{1.5} \cdot \frac{4x}{4x} = \frac{4x}{6x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{6}{6x}$$

$$\frac{3x}{6x} + \frac{4x}{6x} = \frac{6}{6x}$$

$$\frac{3x+4x}{6x} = \frac{6}{6x}$$

$$\cancel{6x} \cdot \left(\frac{7x}{6x} = \frac{6}{\cancel{6x}} \right) \cdot \cancel{6x}$$

$$\cancel{7x} = \frac{6}{7}$$

$$x = \frac{6}{7}$$

$$x = 0.86$$

About
52 minutes

19. Write an exponential equation that passes through the points (0, 25) and (1, 260)

$$y = a \cdot b^x$$

$$y = 25 \cdot b^x$$

$$\frac{260}{25} = \frac{25 \cdot b^1}{25}$$

$$10.4 = b$$

$$y = 25(10.4)^x$$

20. Write an exponential equation that passes through the points (0, 2) and (2, 65)

$$y = a \cdot b^x$$

$$y = 2 \cdot b^x$$

$$65 = 2 \cdot b^2$$

$$\sqrt{32.5} = \sqrt{b^2}$$

$$5.7 = b$$

$$y = 2(5.7)^x$$

21. If x varies inversely as y and $x = 8$ when $y = 15$, find x when y is 10.

$$y = \frac{k}{x}$$

$$15 = \frac{k}{8}$$

~~120~~

$$120 = k$$

$$y = \frac{120}{x}$$

$$10 = \frac{120}{x}$$

$$k = 12$$

22. *Compare/Contrast*: You want to put your savings into a bank account that will provide you with the most interest per year. You have saved up a total of \$2,000 and you have narrowed your banks down to two choices. Tell which bank is better for your money:

(Hint: Find out which bank gives you the most interest)

Bank 1: offers you 0.7% interest, compounded monthly

Bank 2: offers you 0.65%, compounded quarterly.

Bank 1

$$A = a \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$A = 2000 \left(1 + \frac{0.007}{12}\right)^{12(1)}$$

$$A = 2000 (1.0006)^{12(1)}$$

$$A = 2014.45$$

Bank 2

$$A = a \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^t$$

$$A = 2000 \left(1 + \frac{0.0065}{4}\right)^{4(1)}$$

$$A = 2000 (1.0016)^{4(1)}$$

$$A = 2012.83$$

Better
BANK

23. An account was opened with \$4000 and it is put into an account paying 2.25% interest compounded quarterly. How much should be in the account at the end of 3 years?

$$A = a \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$A = 4000 \left(1 + \frac{0.0225}{4}\right)^{4(3)}$$

$$A = 4000 (1.005625)^{12}$$

$$A = \$4,278.51$$

24. If you invest \$10,000 in an account paying 8% annual interest compounded monthly, how much should be in the account at the end of 5 years?

$$A = a \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$A = 10,000 \left(1 + \frac{.08}{12}\right)^{12(5)}$$

$$A = 10,000 (1.007)^{60}$$

$$A = 15,197.36$$

25. Solve for x:

$$\text{LCD} = n^2$$

$$\frac{4}{n^2} = \frac{5}{n} - \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{5}{n} \cdot \frac{n}{n} = \frac{5n}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{4}{n^2} = \frac{5n}{n^2} - \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$4 = 5n - 1$$

$$5 = 5n$$

$$1 = n$$

26. Solve for x: $\frac{3}{x} + 2 = \frac{1}{5}$

LCD = $5x$

$$\frac{3}{x} \cdot \frac{5}{5} = \frac{15}{5x}$$

$$\frac{2}{1} = \frac{5x}{5x} = \frac{10x}{5x}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{x}{x} = \frac{x}{5x}$$

$$\frac{15}{5x} + \frac{10x}{5x} = \frac{x}{5x}$$

$$15 + 10x = x$$

$$15 = -9x$$

$$\frac{-5}{3} = x$$

27. Solve the following equation

$$3^{x-4} = 9^{x+6}$$

$$3^{x-4} = 3^{2(x+6)}$$

$$x-4 = 2x+12$$

$$-4 = x+12$$

$$\boxed{-16 = x}$$

28. Solve the following equation

$$8^x = 4^{x-1}$$

$$2^{3x} = 2^{2(x-1)}$$

$$3x = 2x - 2$$

$$x = -2$$

29. The value of a dump truck can be modeled by the function $V(t) = 35,000(.76)^t$ where t is the number of years since the car was purchased. To the nearest tenth of a percent, what was the monthly rate of depreciation?

$$1 - r = .76$$

$$r = 0.24$$

$$\frac{.24}{12} = 0.02$$

2%

30. If a snowmobile is purchased for \$14,350 and depreciates at a rate of 15% per year, about how long will it take for the snowmobile to be worth half of its initial value?

$$y = 14,350(1 - 0.15)^t$$

$$y = 14,350(.85)^t$$

$$\frac{14,350}{2} = 7,175$$

$$7,175 = 14,350(.85)^t$$

$$t = 4.265$$

$$t \approx 4 \text{ years}$$